



Procedure	Result	Units	Ref Interval	Accession	Collected	Received	Reported/Verified
IDH1 and IDH2 Mutation Results	Detected	f		19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
IDH1-2 FFPE Source	FFPE Tissue			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
Block ID	1234			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
Block ID	12345			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
1p Result	Not Deleted			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 10:56:34
19q Result	Not Deleted	f		19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
1p/1q Ratio	1.00			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
Chromosome 1 Polysomy	Not Detected			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
19q/19p Ratio	1.00			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
Chromosome 19 Polysomy	Not Detected			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
1p19q FISH Reference Number	1234			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
1p19q FISH Source	Brain			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
Total Cell Count	80			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
Scoring Method	Manual			19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 11:01:47
IDH1 R132H Point Mut by IHC with Reflex	Negative	f		19-339-900046	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19	05-Dec-19 08:51:00 08:51:00 10:56:34

05-Dec-19 08:51:00 IDH1 and IDH2 Mutation Results:

A mutation in IDH_ exon 4 was detected: p._

This result has been reviewed and approved by Archana Agarwal, M.D.

05-Dec-19 08:51:00 19q Result:

Controls were run and performed as expected.
 This result has been reviewed and approved by Christian J. Davidson, M.D.

05-Dec-19 08:51:00 IDH1 R132H Point Mut by IHC with Reflex:

IDH1 by immunohistochemistry is negative. IDH1 and IDH2 Mutation Analysis has been added and will be reported separately.

Controls were run and performed as expected.
 This result has been reviewed and approved by Christian J. Davidson, M.D.

05-Dec-19 08:51:00 IDH1 and IDH2 Mutation Results:
 BACKGROUND INFORMATION: IDH1 and IDH2 Mutation Results

CHARACTERISTICS: This test is designed to detect mutations in exon 4 of the IDH1 and IDH2 genes at "hotspots" R132 of IDH1 and R140 and R172 of IDH2 that are frequently present in gliomas and in a subset of cases of acute myeloid leukemia. IDH1/2 mutations in gliomas are generally associated with a better prognosis. In acute myeloid leukemia, the prognostic significance of IDH1 mutations is context dependent. IDH1 mutations appear to be associated with worse outcome in patients without FLT3-ITD mutations (see J Clin Oncol 2010. 28:3636 and Blood 2010. 116:2779). In acute myeloid leukemia patients with IDH2 abnormalities, IDH2 R140 mutations appear to be associated with better outcome while IDH2 R172 mutations appear associated with worse outcome (see Blood 2011. 118:409).

METHODOLOGY: DNA is isolated from FFPE tissue, blood, or bone marrow. The DNA is amplified for IDH1 and IDH2 covering exon 4 of both genes including the important residues R132 (IDH1), R140 (IDH2) and R172 (IDH2). Sanger sequencing is then performed to detect mutations. Only mutations in R132 (IDH1), R140 and R172 (IDH2) are reported.

* Abnormal, # = Corrected, C = Critical, f = Footnote, H = High, L = Low, t = Interpretive Text, @ = Reference Lab

LIMITATIONS: Mutations in other locations within the IDH1 and IDH2 genes or in other genes will not be detected. The limit of detection for this test is 20 percent mutant allele. Results of this test must always be interpreted within the clinical context and with other relevant data, and should not be used alone for a diagnosis of malignancy. This test is not intended to detect minimal residual disease.

Test developed and characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. See Compliance Statement B: aruplab.com/CS

05-Dec-19 08:51:00 19q Result:
METHODOLOGY AND TEST INFORMATION:

Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) analysis was performed on a section from a paraffin embedded tissue block using differentially labeled fluorescent probes targeting lp36/lq25 and 19p13/19q13 (Abbott Molecular). Cells were evaluated from regions of tumor identified on histopathologic review of a matching hematoxylin and eosin stained section. Controls performed appropriately.

This assay evaluates the average ratios of lp to lq and 19q to 19p, as well as the percentage of cells with a signal pattern consistent with a deletion (individual cell lp/lq and 19q/19p ratios of 0.5 or lower). Based on the validation of this assay, lp deletion is defined as a lp/lq ratio below 0.80 combined with a deleted pattern in 24 percent or more of the scored cells, and 19q deletion is defined as a 19q/19p ratio below 0.80 combined with a deleted pattern in 26 percent or more of the scored cells.

Co-deletion of lp and 19q as the result of an unbalanced translocation is characteristic of oligodendrogliomas and a diagnostic feature according to the WHO Classification of Tumours of the Central Nervous System, Revised 4th Edition (2016). Co-deletion is also predictive of a favorable response to combination chemotherapy. Isolated deletions of lp or 19q are neither diagnostic nor predictive in a similar fashion. Polysomy, defined in this context as three or more signals for lq and/or 19p in 30 percent or more of the tumor cells, suggests a less-favorable outcome in oligodendrogliomas. Correlation with other laboratory data, especially histopathologic findings, is recommended for optimal risk stratification.

References:

1. Jenkins RB et al. A t(1;19)(q10;p10) Mediates the Combined Deletions of lp and 19q and Predicts a Better Prognosis of Patients with Oligodendroglioma. Cancer Res 66 (20): 9852-9861, 2006.
2. Snuderl M et al. Polysomy for chromosomes 1 and 19 predicts earlier recurrence in anaplastic oligodendrogliomas with concurrent lp/19q loss. Clin Cancer Res 15(20):6430-6437, 2009.
3. Wiens et al. Polysomy of chromosomes 1 and/or 19 is common and associated with less favorable clinical outcome in oligodendrogliomas: fluorescent in situ hybridization analysis of 84 consecutive cases. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol 71(7):618-624, 2012.
4. Clark K et al. How molecular testing can help (and hurt) in the workup of gliomas. Am J Clin Pathol 139(3):275-288, 2013.
5. Senetta R et al. A "weighted" fluorescence in situ hybridization strengthens the favorable prognostic value of lp/19q codeletion in pure and mixed oligodendroglial tumors. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol 72(5):432-41, 2013.
6. Eckel-Passow JE et al. Glioma Groups Based on lp/19q, IDH, and TERT Promoter Mutations in Tumors. N Engl J Med 25;372(26):2499-508, 2015.

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7. Louis DN, Ohgaki H, Wiestler OD, Cavenee WK, Ellison DW, Figarella-Branger D, Perry A, Reifenberger G, von Deimling A, Eds. WHO Classification of Tumours of the Central Nervous System, Revised 4th Edition. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer, 2016.

Test developed and characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. See Compliance Statement A: aruplab.com/CS.

05-Dec-19 08:51:00 IDH1 R132H Point Mut by IHC with Reflex:
INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: IDH1 R132H Point Mut by IHC
with Reflex

IDH1 R132H Point Mutation by Immunohistochemistry detects the presence of mutant IDH1 R132H protein expression in diffuse gliomas and can serve as a screening tool for molecular testing. A positive result indicates a probable IDH1 R132H mutation. A negative result indicates the tumor has no R132H mutation, which will automatically reflex to IDH1 and IDH2 gene sequencing, to detect less common IDH1 or IDH2 mutations not detected by the IHC test. This test is performed on paraffin-embedded, formalin-fixed tissue.

Controls were run and performed as expected.

Test developed and characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. See Compliance Statement B: aruplab.com/CS